



Baoding Zhuoli Machinery Co., Ltd

Boye Rubber Industry Technical Development Park, Baoding City, Hebei, China
Tel: +86 312 5308005 Fax: +86 312 8348818 www.conveyoroller.com

Conveyor idler delivery inspection procedures

In order to ensure the quality of the idlers, our QC team will carry out strict inspection on each batch of conveyor idlers before leaving factory, the details of the inspection procedures are as follows.

I. Conveyor idler overall inspection:

In accordance with the standard: MT821-1999 "Technical Conditions of Belt Conveyor idlers for Coal Mine Underground" as reference.

2. Bearing Inspection:

Bearing is the most core part of the conveyor idler, the quality of the bearing must be tested in detail before assembled.





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1. The factory inspection is carried out by the quality inspection department, conveyor idler can only leave the factory after passing the inspection, and there is a factory inspection report, certificate of conformity, and inspection records.
2. When the test results of all the inspection items meet the above requirements, the batch of idler is qualified, when the test results of any one of the inspection items do not meet the standard requirements, the idler sampling shall be doubled, if the re-inspection results meet the standard requirements, the batch of products passed, otherwise, failed.

1. Conveyor idler overall inspection:

Item	Technical Standard			Detection method	Tester	
Idler size	Meet drawing requirements			Routine inspection	Micrometer	
Radial run out	Belt speed(m/s)	Conveyor idler length(mm)			Rotate the tube once, measure at three positions of the idler shaft, and take the maximum value as the basis for stabilization.	Dial indicator
		< 460	460-950	<950-1600		
	>3.15	0.50	0.7	1.30		
	<3.15	0.70	1.00	1.50		
Rotational resistance	Conveyor idler Dia (mm)	Conveyor idler length (mm)	Rotational resistance(N)		1. The idler should continuously rotate for 15min at a speed of 1450r / min. 2. Place the conveyor idler on the support idler, install a power arm on one end of the support idler, and the other on the dynamo meter, put down the friction wheel, so that the support idler can withstand 250N pressure. 3. Start the motor. After the outer linear speed of the idler idler stabilizes to 2.0m / s, record the dynamo meter reading P and calculate the rotation resistance according to the formula $F = P \times L / R$.	Rotational resistance tester
	φ89 ~ φ108	≤ 460	2.5			
		≥ 750-950	3.0			
		≥ 1150-1350	3.5			
	φ133	≥ 525-600	3.0			
		≥ 790-900	3.5			
φ159	≥ 675-750	3.0				
	≥ 1010-1120	3.5				
Axial load of idler	Dia (mm)	Applied axial load (kN)		At a speed of 1mm / minR, slowly apply an axial load to the idler shaft until the load value on the press reaches the specified value.	Stress test Inspection machine	
	φ89-φ108	10				
	φ133-φ159	15				
Dust and Water in idler	After 200 hours running operation in a container filled with dust, there will be no dust in seal grease chamber of idler(national standard is: there will be no dust in bearing grease). After 72 hours running operation under the operation condition of pouring water, the amount of water in seal will be less than 5g(national standard is ≤150g).					
Idler shell	Conveyor idler shell will employ high precision welded steel pipe special for idler. The pipe selected is above the higher precision of GB13792-92. The thickness of pipe can entirely meet the needs of intensity and rigidity.					



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2. Bearing Testing Report:

Bearing type	FAG 6206	Bearing size	30*62*16 mm		Test standard AQLL5 4.0		
Total number	1000 pcs	Sampling number	20 pcs				
Testing items			Standard(mm)	Test tool	Test record	Result	
Hardness	Inner ring HRC		60-65	Hardness tester HVI	61	Qualified	
	Outer ring HRC		60-65		64	Qualified	
Size precision	Inner ring	Δdmp	Upper deviation	0	Inner diameter tester	0	
			Lower deviation	-0.010		-0.005	Qualified
		Vdp		/	D922	/	
		Vdmp		0.006		≤0.005	Qualified
	Outer ring	Δ	Upper deviation	0	Outer diameter tester	0	
			Dmp	Lower deviation		-0.013	-0.006
		VDp		/	D051	/	
		VDmp		0.006		≤0.004	Qualified
	width	ΔBs	Upper deviation	0	Iheight tester G903	0	
			Lower deviation	-0.06		-0.030	Qualified
		VBs		0.015		0.013	Qualified
		ΔCs	Upper deviation	0		0	
Lower deviation			-0.04	-0.030		Qualified	
VCs		0.015	≤0.015	Qualified			
Radial clearance			0.013-0.028	Wind age tester X092	2-13MIU	Qualified	
Rotation accuracy	Kia		0.01	Radial tester B002	≤0.01	Qualified	
	Kea		0.015		≤0.015	Qualified	
Residual magnetic value	mT		0.40	CIZ--1	<0.40	Qualified	
Exterior	Chamfer, black skin, bump, abrasion			Visual inspection	no damage	Qualified	



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Steel Pipe Inspection (Q235):

Q235 ordinary carbon structural steel is also called A3 steel. "Q" stands for the yield limit of this material. The latter 235 refers to the yield value of this material, which is about 235 Mpa. With the increase of the thickness of the material, its yield value decreases. Due to the moderate carbon content, the comprehensive performance is good, and the strength, plasticity, abrasion resistance and welding properties are well matched, and it is the most widely used.



Q235 Steel pipe chemical composition:

Comp.	C	Si	Mn	P	S
Rate (%)	≤0.17	≤0.35%	≤0.14	≤0.035	≤0.035

Q235 Mechanical properties:

Item	Density (g/m ³)	Elastic Modulus (E/Gpa)	Poisson's ratio(v)	tensile strength σ _b (Mpa)	Yield Strength (Mpa)
Standard	≥600	200~210	0.25~0.33	≥40	235

Shaft Steel Material (45# Steel):

45 # steel is a high-quality carbon structural steel, corresponding to Japanese standard S45C, American standard: 1045, German standard C45. It is characterized by higher strength, better wear resistance and resistance to deformation than ordinary A3 steel.



45# steel chemical composition:

Comp.	C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Cu
Rate (%)	0.42~0.5	0.17~0.37	0.5~0.8	≤0.035	≤0.035	≤0.25	≤0.35	≤0.25

45 # Mechanical properties:

Item	Tensile strength σ _b (Mpa)	Yield Strength σ _s (Mpa)	Elongation δ ₅ (%)	Reduction rate ψ(%)	Impact power Akv(J)
Standard	≥600	≥355	≥16	≥40	≥39

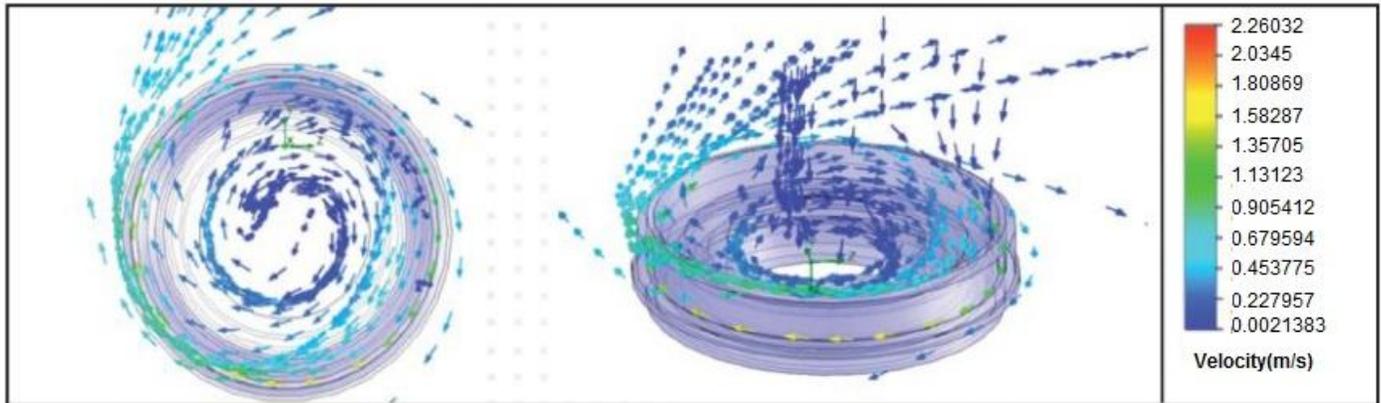


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Labyrinth Seal System:

The labyrinth seal of the idler is the most ideal seal structure. This structure is waterproof and dust-proof, which effectively protects the idler bearing. It consists of five parts: inner seal, outer seal, bearing, middle seal and end seal. It is installed on the idler shaft and uses a spring as the axial positioning and axial force to make the middle seal and end seal form a waterproof cavity. And eccentric spherical cyclone cavity, so as to achieve the waterproof and dust-proof function of the bearing. The inner seal ring and the outer seal ring are closely combined to form different forms of labyrinth.



Internal labyrinth performance

The system's first protective labyrinth, unwanted particles due to the precise design of the components of the seal. With the help of centrifugal force, this effect is multiplied. The expulsion effect of the second set of labyrinths is scientifically proven. The combined work between the two sets of labyrinths and the low friction baffle ensures the efficient operation of the seal system.



Water resistance tests.